Women in Tech @ RIPE 78

With support from:

Panel

- Paula Gould, Men & Mice
- Þórey Björk Hallsdórsdóttir and Sigríði Ásgeirsdóttir Lady Brewery
- Alison MacNeil, WuXi NextCode
- Eva Dögg Steingrímsdóttir, GRID

Moderator: Amanda Gowland, RIPE NCC









Iceland & Gender Equality

- Ranks #1 in gender equality globally (10th year in a row)
- Women's Alliance (1982-1999) key factor in promoting women' rights (including childcare, parliamentary representation)
- "Women's Day Off" In 1975, 90% of women took to the streets to demand equal rights
- First country to democratically elect a female president in 1980



Iceland's Female Representation

38% of elected members of Parliament are women

 Women's Alliance (1982-1999) key factor in promoting women' rights (including childcare, parliamentary representation)

- Mandatory gender quotas for boards (40% women)
- First country to have a LGBTQIA+ Prime Minister



Iceland's Parental Leave

- Subsidised childcare and progressive parental leave policy
- Nine months of paid parental leave (paid...capped)

- Mothers get three months, fathers get three months and the remaining three months are shared
- 90% of fathers in Iceland take parental leave



...But Challenges Remain

- Violence against women and sexual harassment still a big problem
- Behind closed doors, misogyny remains ("Klausturfokk" scandal)
- Pay gap between women working in different industries, disproportionately affecting women in the service industry
- Extreme lack of data on pay equality for the LGBTQIA+ community (in Iceland and beyond)



Iceland's Equal Pay Law

Legislation came into effect in 2018

 By 2020, companies must prove they are not paying women less than men

 Companies with 25 employees or more will have salaries independently audited every three years

Companies who do not comply face fines and bad publicity



The Gender Pay Gap

- Women earn 16% less than men on average in the EU (gross hourly earnings)
- In the private sector, the lowest pay gap is Croatia (6.5%), highest is Germany (23%) ... Iceland is 16.5%
- In tech, gender pay gap in EU is 19%
- And beyond gender, immigrants earn 8% less than their (Icelandic) counterparts
- https://ec.europa.eu/newsroom/just/document.cfm?
 doc_id=50074

Source: Eurostat, 2017

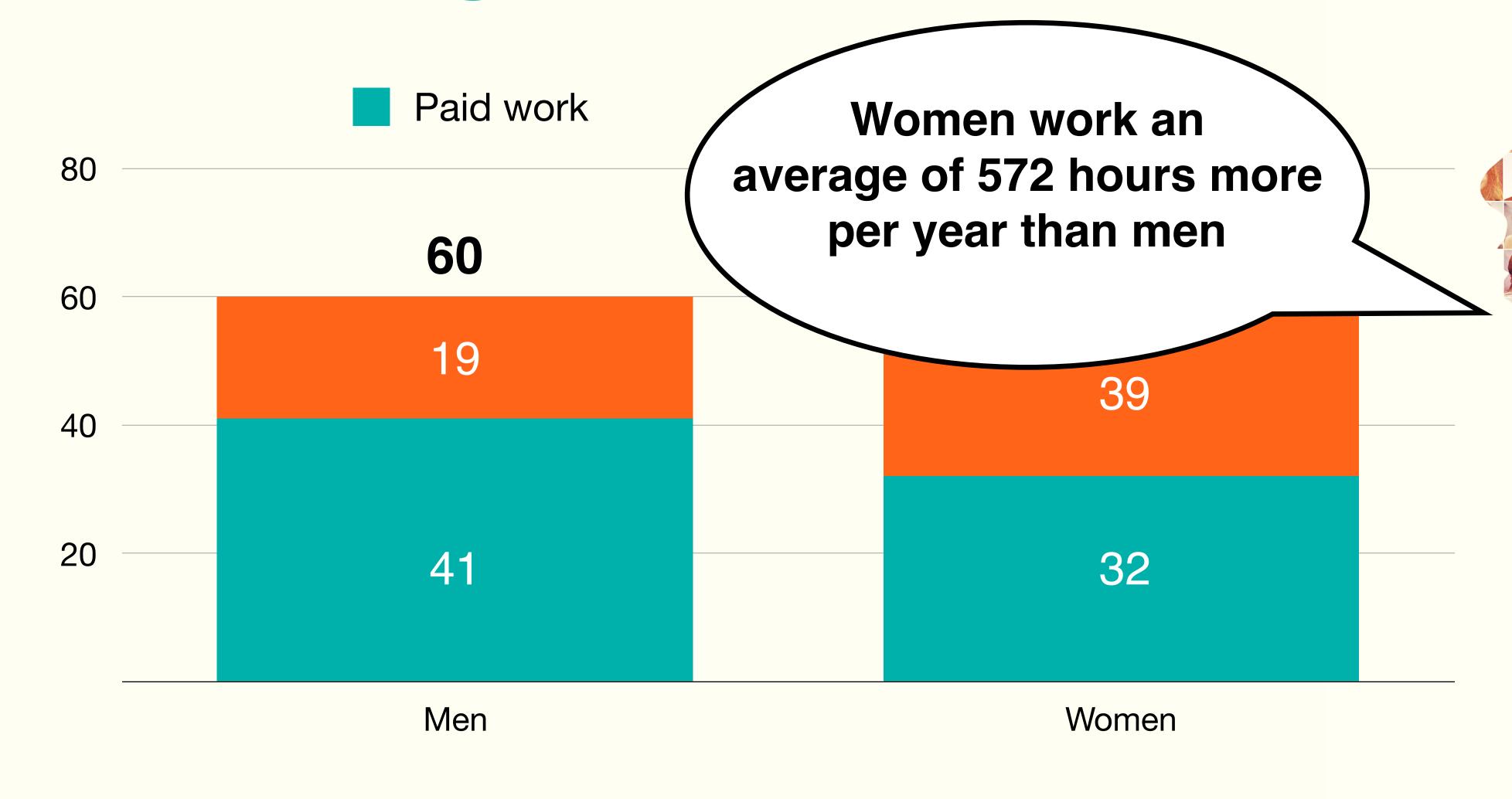
The Gender Pay Gap

- Prevalent bias persists:
 - More than 1/3 of Europeans believe men are more ambitious than women
 - Almost 70% think women are more likely than men to make decisions based on emotion
- Women work 6 hours longer per week on average than men but have fewer paid hours, take more career breaks and face fewer and slower promotions

Source: Eurostat, 2017



Working More for Less



Closing the Gap

- Transparent rewarding and promotion policies
- Third-party audits on existing salaries
- Fair and adequate paid parental leave
- Fair pay for part-time work
- Programmes for (re)onboarding and fast-track training after a career break
- Starting earlier changing mindsets in school

