Implications of Roaming

in Europe

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POLITECNICO DI TORINO



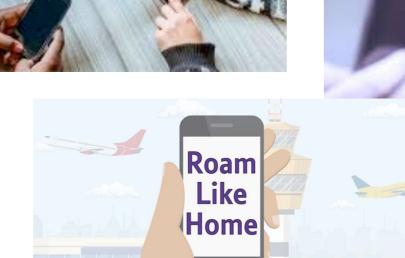
- Motivations
- Background
- Experimental setup: MONROE-Roaming
- Measurements:
 - Roaming setup and performance
 - VoIP
 - Content discrimination
- Roaming results
- Experience and conclusion

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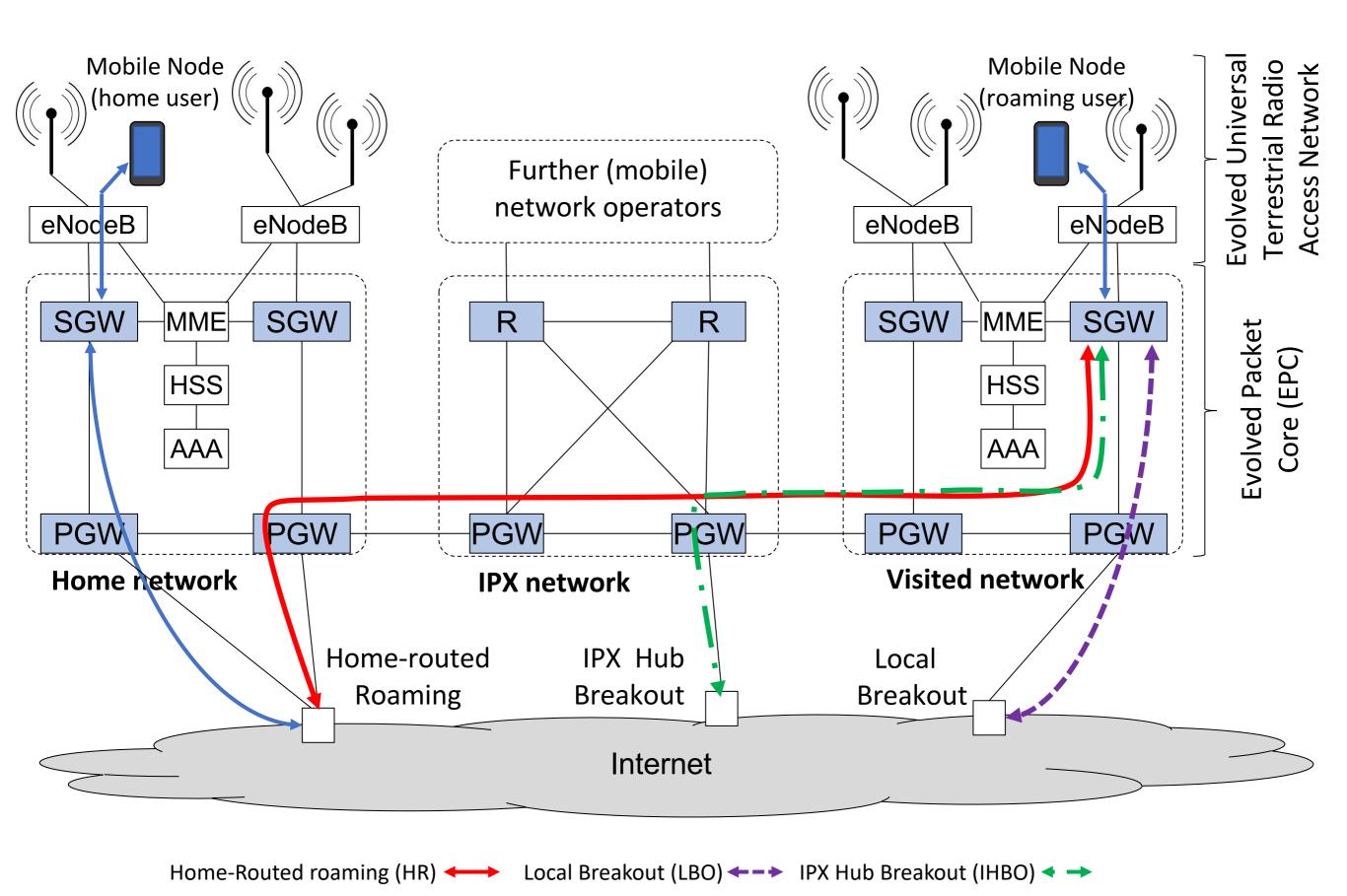




Why study International Roaming?

- Understand the roaming ecosystem in Europe after the "Roam like Home" initiative.
- Which technical solutions are actually being deployed and used today?
- What are the implications of roaming on the service experienced by the roaming user?

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SGW : Serving Gateway

PGW Packet Data Network Gateway

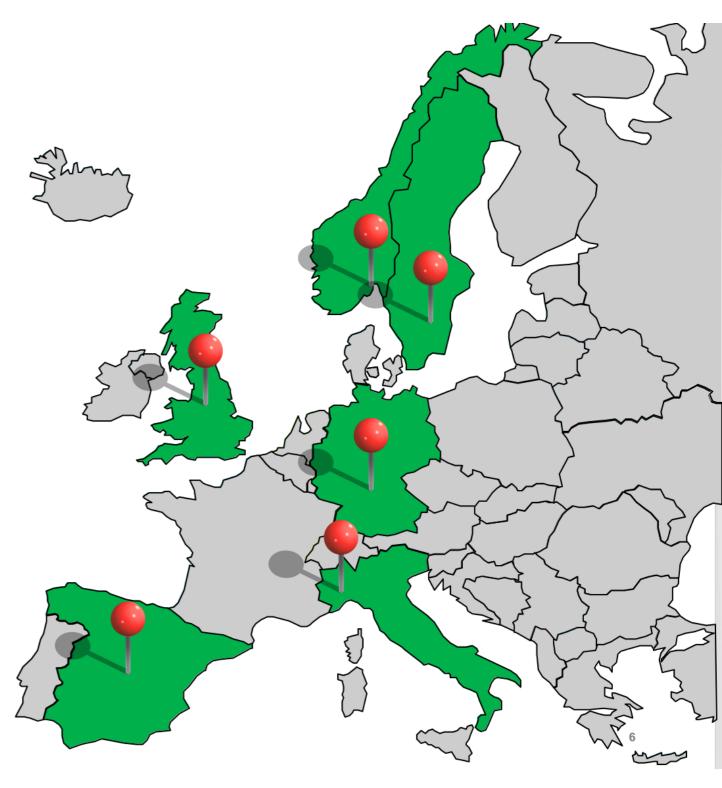
IPX: IP Packet eXchange

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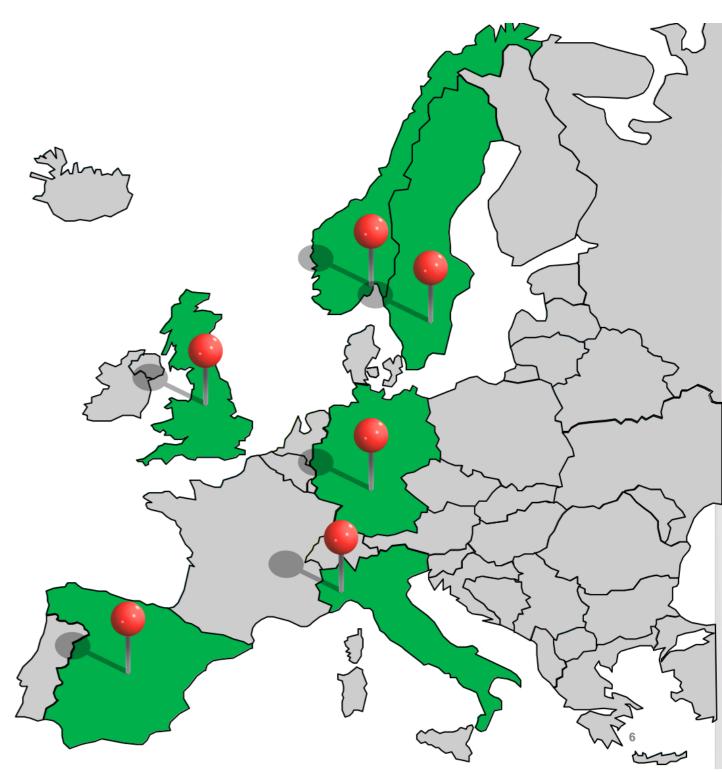
MONROE-Roaming nodes

Design Aspect	Component	
Node Platform	APU2C4	
Node Configuration	2xMC7455	
Node Hardware	1xAPU + 2xMC7455	
Operating System	Debian 9 Stretch	
Modem Type	Sierra MC7455 CAT6 miniPCle modem	





- MONROE-Roaming nodes
- MONROE-Roaming backend
- One measurement server per country
- MONROE-Roaming scheduler

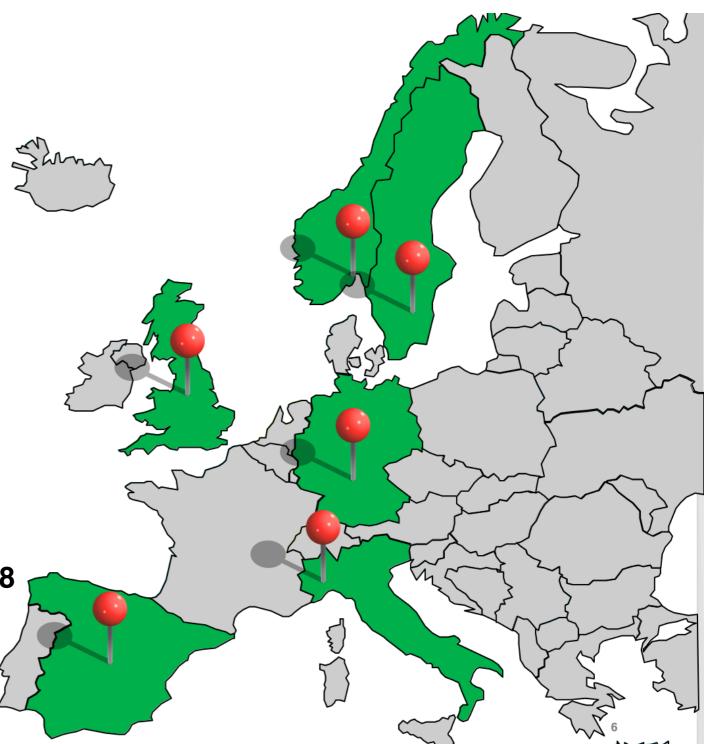


Mobile Network Operators

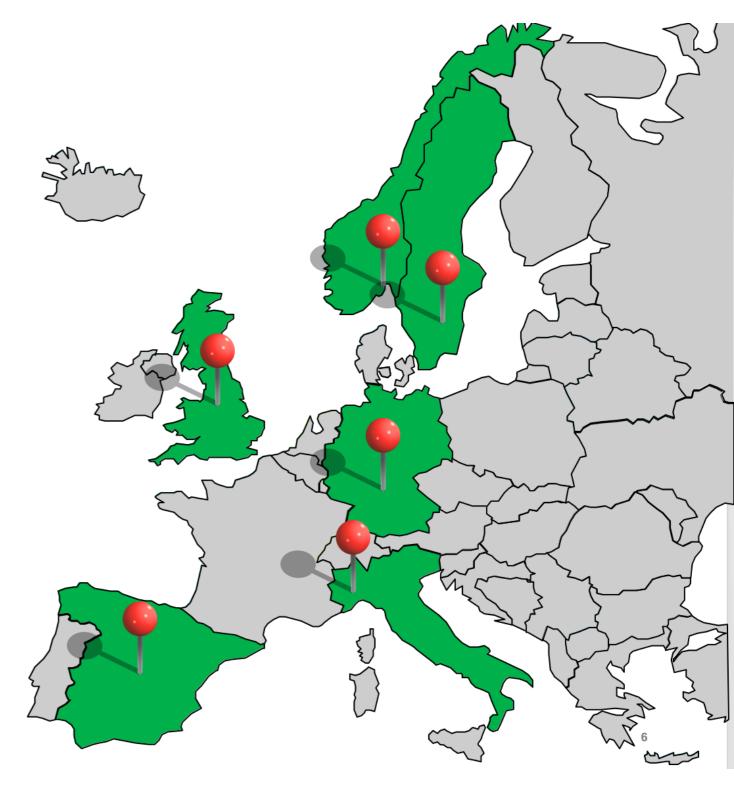
NO	Telia NO	Telenor NO	
SE	Telia SE	Telenor SE	3 SE
UK	Vodafone UK	EE	
DE	Vodafone DE	T-Mobile	02
ES	Vodafone ES	Movistar	Orange
IT	Vodafone IT	TIM	3 IT

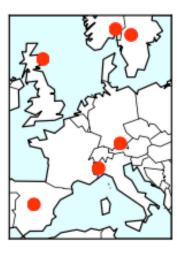
Dataset

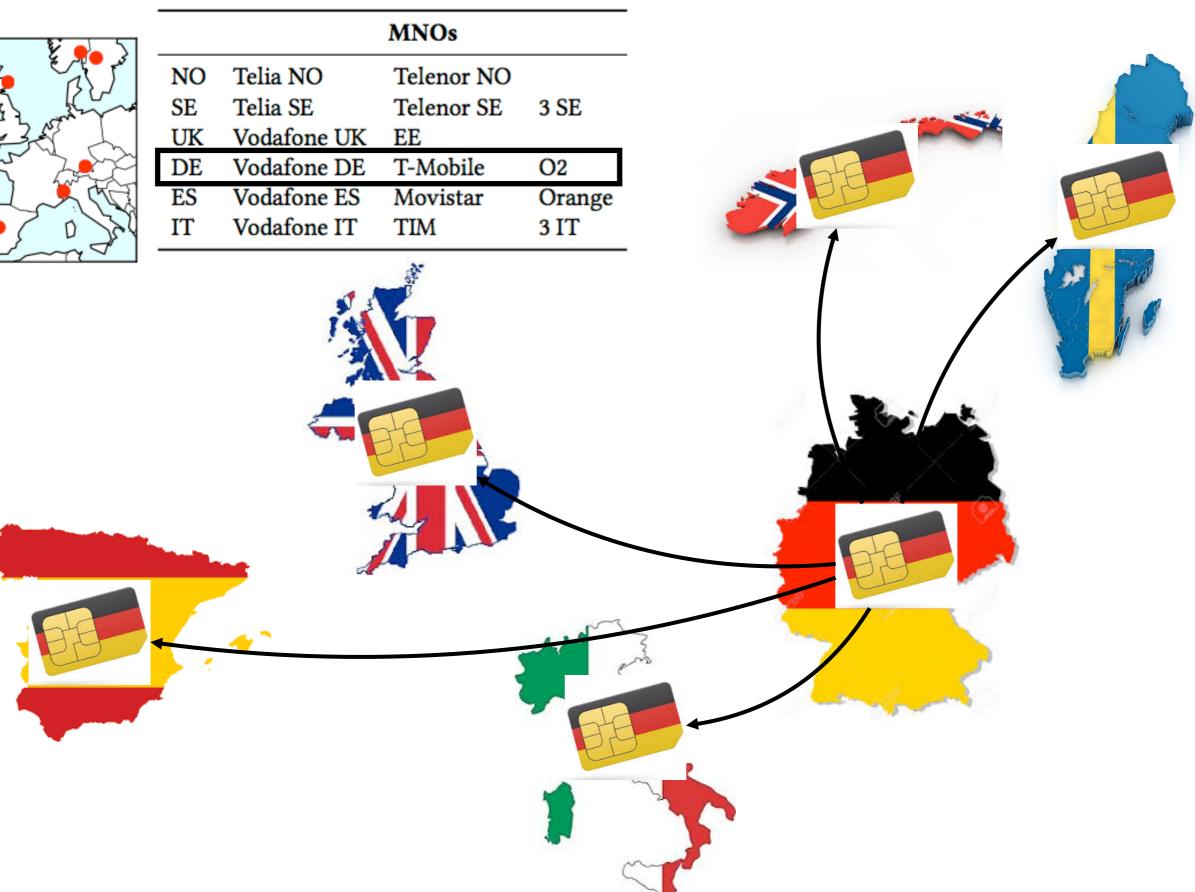
- 3 months of collected traces in 2017 and 2018
- 12 nodes distributed in 6 countries
- 16 operators (12 operators in Roaming)
- More than 20000 experiments



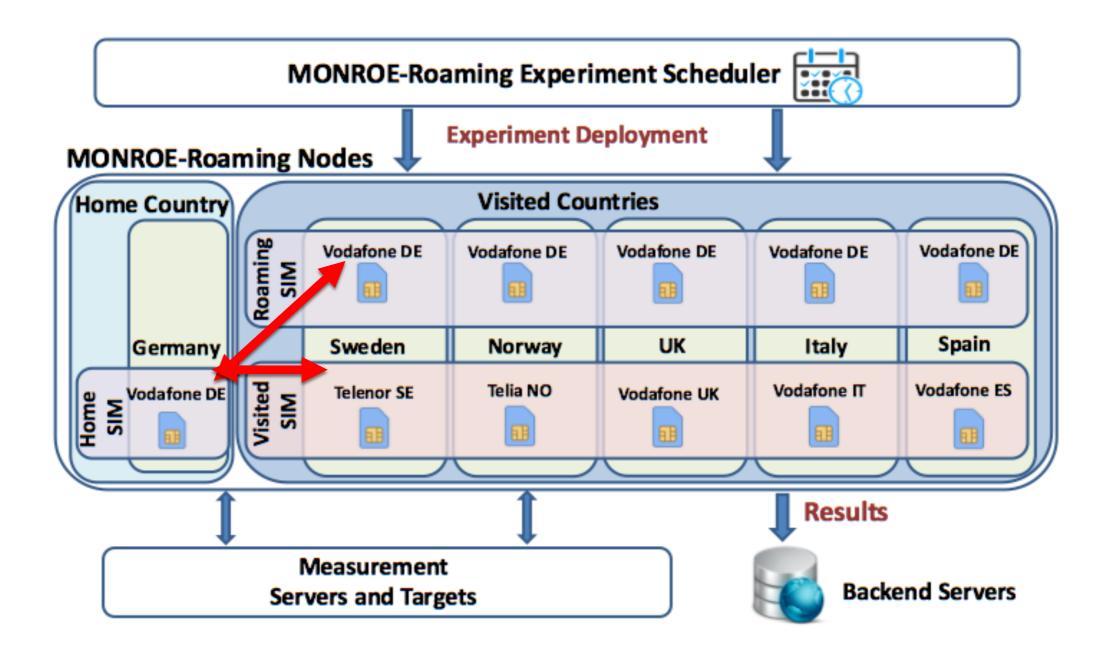
- Measure one MNO at a time (all nodes have the SAME SIM at the same time).
- Measure the visited network natively, where possible.







Experimental Setup



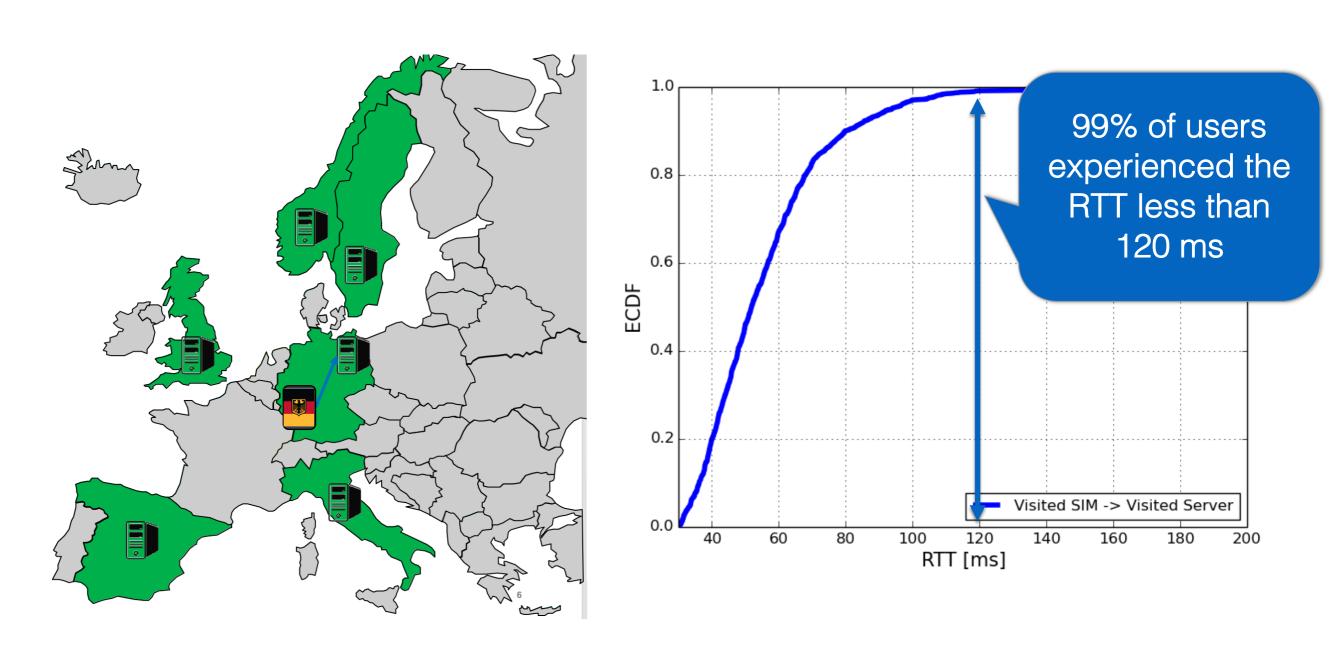
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Roaming Setup and Performance: Measurements

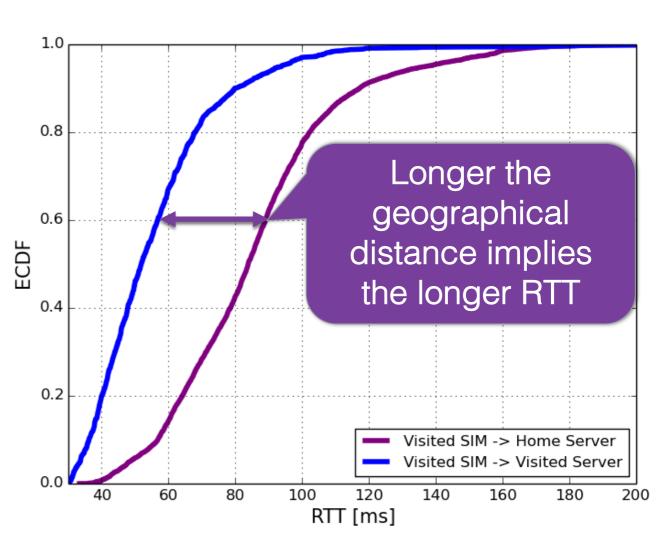


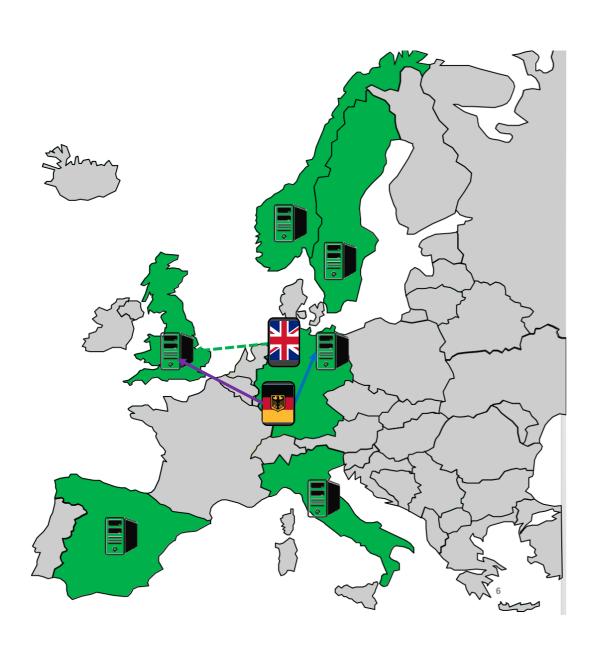
- Radio metadata for tracking the roaming partner
- Traceroute to discover roaming setup
- dig: DNS against third party service providers (ad providers)
- Curl: performance against 10 popular webservers

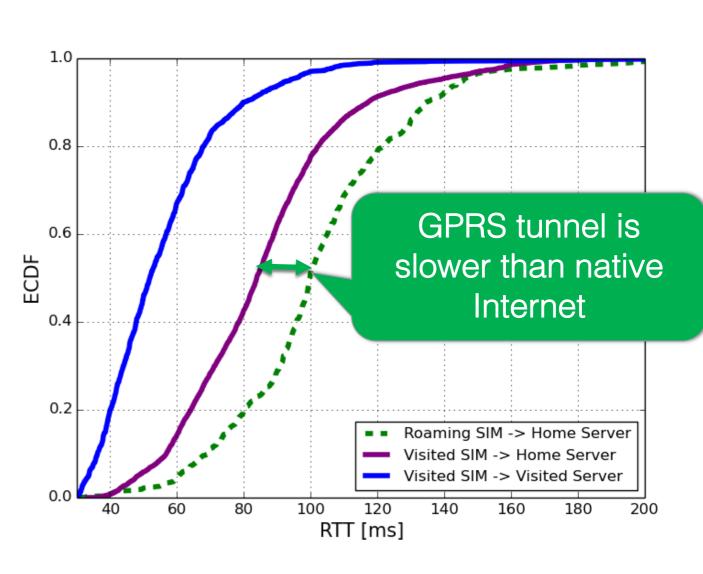
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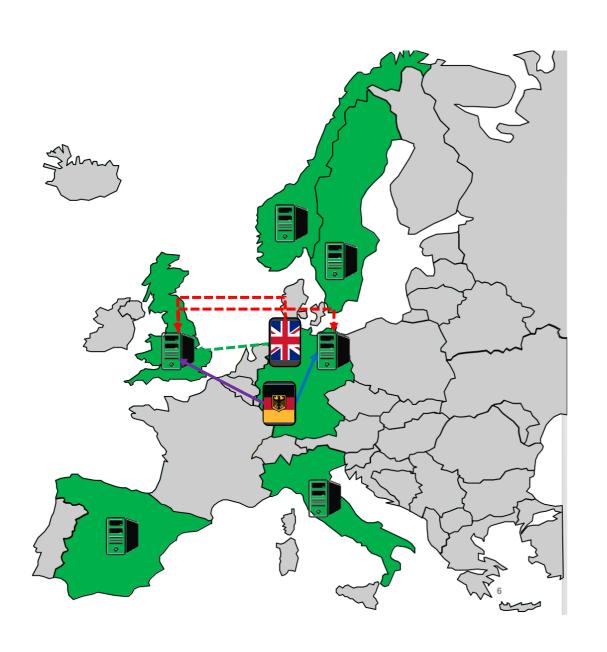


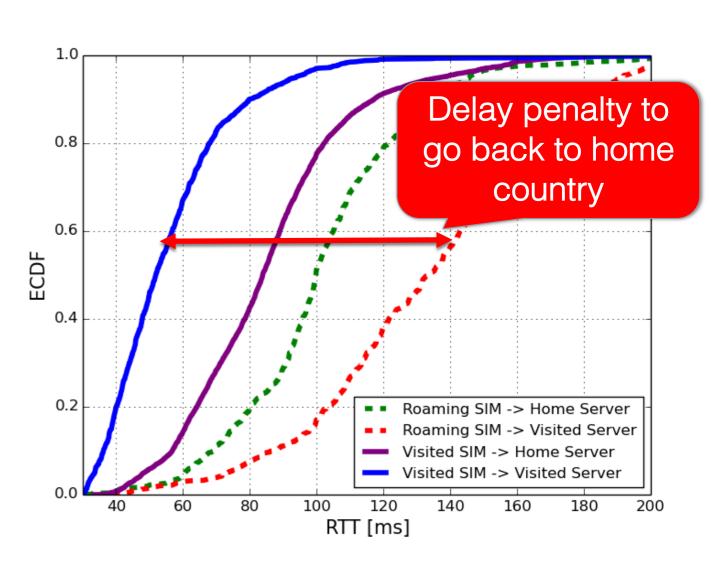


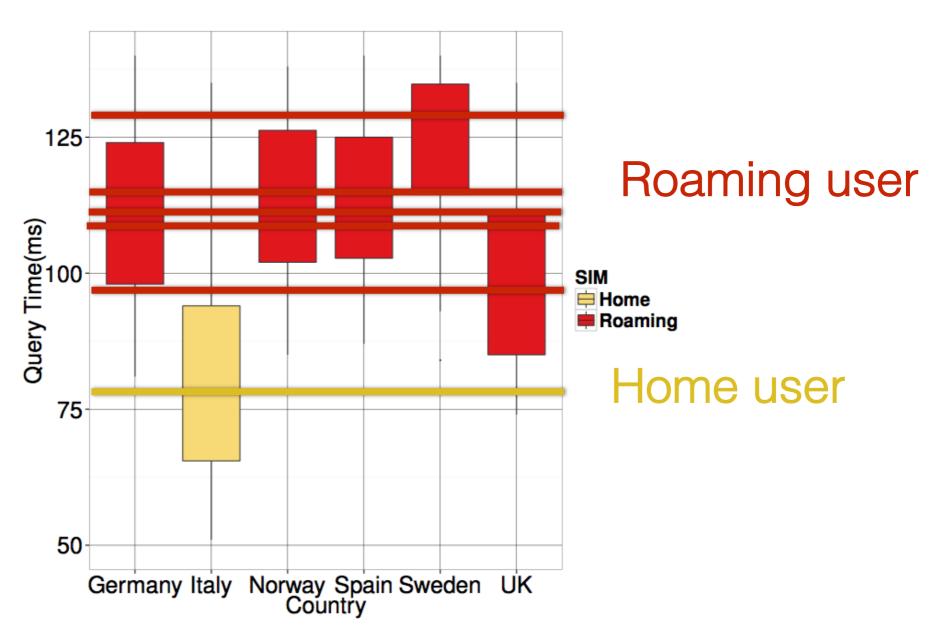












 For the home user the query time is significantly lower in average than for the other five roaming users

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VoIP and Content Discrimination: Measurements

 Traffic differentiation measurements using three applications (FaceTime, Facebook Messenger, WhatsApp) to determine potential traffic differentiation in roaming

We do not observe any traffic differentiation on any of the 16 MNOs we measure.

Ooniprobe web connectivity test



We found no evidence of additional content discrimination

Geo-restriction rules are the same "as home"

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Roaming Experience

- Synchronizing the measurements was the most challenging part
 - Synchronization over email (and sometimes phone, text, skype, smoke signals...)
- Re-purposing MONROE software was straightforward (thanks MONROE Engineering team!)
 - Marvin MONROE a scheduling daemon <u>https://github.com/MONROE-PROJECT/Scheduler</u>
- Taking care of MONROE nodes was challenging at times
 - Needed intervention at the deployment site, sometimes had to re-configure the nodes at every SIM change...

Conclusion and Future Work

- Home-Routed Roaming is the norm for the MNOs we measured and this is going to stay there!
- Delay penalties on the roaming user

No traffic differentiation or content discrimination

 Future work: exploration of potential performance penalties on actual end-user Quality of Experience (QoE)

Happy Roaming to everybody!!!







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https://www.MONROE-project.eu/

Dataset

The code and the dataset collected is open to the community:

https://www.it.uc3m.es/amandala/roaming.html